STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS **SECURITIES DIVISION**

1 2 3 4 IN THE MATTER OF DETERMINING whether there has been a violation of the 5 Securities Act and Commodity Transactions Act of Washington by: 6 7 James W. King, 8 9

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Order Number S-05-119-06-SC01

STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO ENTER ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST AND TO **IMPOSE FINES AND COSTS**

Respondent.

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:

James W. King

11 STATEMENT OF CHARGES

Please take notice that the Securities Administrator of the State of Washington has reason to believe that Respondent, James W. King, has violated the Securities Act of Washington and the Commodity Transactions Act of Washington and that the violations justify the entry of an order of the Securities Administrator under RCW 21.20.390 and RCW 21.30.120 against him to cease and desist from such violations and impose fines and costs. The Securities Administrator finds as follows:

TENTATIVE FINDINGS OF FACT

Respondent

1. James W. King, also known as Ben Muad'Dib, ("King") was the leader of New Gnostic Church, Inc., a Washington nonprofit corporation, ("New Gnostic Church"). King

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STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO ENTER ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST AND TO IMPOSE FINES AND COSTS

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1	referred to himself as pastor and reverend. King resided in Washington during all times relevant
2	to this matter. King is believed to currently reside in Montana.
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4	Background
5	2. King held New Gnostic Church group meetings every other week in King County
6	and Spokane County. On the average, twenty-five people attended the group meetings in King
7	County and ten to fifteen people attended the group meetings in Spokane County.
8	3. The Church members were tight-knit and sought counsel from King before
9	making important decisions. The church members trusted King and contacted him at all times of
10	the day or night for guidance.
11	4. During group meetings, King spoke about spiritual, emotional, and financial
12	matters. King claimed to have financial expertise. King spoke to the members about financial
13	responsibility and advised members on investing their money.
14	5. During group meetings and at other times, King advised the members to open an
15	offshore trust through Prosper International to shield assets from taxation and litigation, just as
16	he said he had done. King received a commission each time a church member opened a trust.
17	Prosper International Trusts are also called Pill Trusts. King owns Pill Trust # 9206.
18	6. From the time King formed the group until at least 2005, during group meetings
19	and at other times, King advised church members to make investments through their Pill Trust
20	and offered church members investments in gold and shares of Advanced Products, Inc.,
21	Breakpoint Holdings Corporation, and Health Maintenance Centers. In total, King received at
22	least \$189,500 from seven Washington residents.
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Investor A

gold. King said that gold was a safe investment and it was guaranteed to increase in value. King

Gnostic Church ("Investor A") gave King \$78,000 to purchase gold for her. King told Investor

A that gold was a safe investment and guaranteed to increase in value. King did not discuss the

gave King was her life savings. King did not give Investor A any disclosure documents, a

King told Investor A that he would hold on to the coins to keep them safe. When King told

Investor A this, Investor A requested he give the coins to her. King told Investor A that he

needed to keep the gold coins to make sure they were safe. King told Investor A numerous times

coins from King. Finally, in 2002 King gave Investor A a book containing gold coins wrapped

in plastic. When he gave Investor A the coins, King told Investor A that her original investment

of \$78,000 had increased \$60,000 in value and was worth \$138,000. King also told Investor A

that the investment in gold was safe with him and it had increased at least \$40,000 in value.

told the church members that they could purchase gold through him.

receipt, or any other documents evidencing her investment in gold.

risks of investing in gold with Investor A.

7. Starting in at least the late 1990's, King advised church members to purchase

8. In 1999, a 72 year old retired King County resident who attended the New

9. Investor A lived on social security and a small pension. The money Investor A

10. Later, King told Investor A that he had purchased gold coins, not invested in gold.

11. Throughout the next couple of years Investor A continued to request the gold

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STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO ENTER ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST AND TO IMPOSE FINES AND COSTS 3

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Securities Division PO Box 9033 Olympia, WA 98507-9033 360-902-8760

1	that there was a \$4,000 commission she had to pay him and that he was keeping \$4,000 of the
2	coins to cover the commission. King had not mentioned the commission up to that point.
3	12. The appraised value of the gold coins King gave Investor A was only \$33,000.
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5	<u>Investor B</u>
6	13. In 1999, a King County resident who attended New Gnostic Church ("Investor
7	B") gave King \$5,000 to invest in gold. King told Investor B that gold was a safe investment
8	and guaranteed to increase in value. King did not discuss the risks of investing in gold with
9	Investor B. King did not give Investor B any disclosure documents, a receipt, or any other
10	documents evidencing her investment in gold.
11	14. In 2001, Investor B requested her money back. At first King denied having
12	received any money from Investor B. Later, King told Investor B that he could not refund her
13	money but would instead invest it in silver.
14	15. King did not give Investor B any disclosure documents, a receipt, or any other
15	documents evidencing her investment in silver. King did not discuss the risks of investing in
16	silver with Investor B.
17	16. In 2003, Investor B again requested that King return her investment money. King
18	told her that he could not give her the money because it had been pooled with other investments
19	and the entire investment would have to be cashed out to give her the money.
20	17. In 2004, King told Investor B that the investment in silver was going to be
21	converted into an investment in stocks. King did not give Investor B any disclosure documents,
22	a receipt, a stock certificate, or any other documents evidencing her investment in stocks.
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AND TO IMPOSE FINES AND COSTS

1	18. Again in 2005, Investor B requested her money back. Finally, after a local
2	newspaper published an article about King, King gave Investor B a check for \$5,000.
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4	Investor C
5	19. In 2000, a King County resident who attended the New Gnostic Church ("Investor
6	C") gave King \$15,000 to invest in gold. King said that gold would increase in value from its
7	then current price of under \$300 an ounce to \$1,000 an ounce. King did not discuss the risks of
8	investing in gold with Investor C. King did not give Investor C any disclosure documents, a
9	receipt, or any other documents evidencing her investment.
10	20. Investor C was a student and performed odd jobs to make money. Investor C was
11	saving to purchase a home. Investor C used her savings of \$5,000 and borrowed \$10,000 in order
12	to invest.
13	21. Some time later, King told Investor C that he had purchased Krugerrand coins
14	with her investment money and that he would keep them buried under the doghouse in his
15	backyard. Up to that point, King failed to tell Investor C that he was purchasing coins.
16	22. Krugerrand coins are South African gold coins. Each coin contains 1 troy ounce
17	of gold.
18	23. Investor C requested that King either give her the coins or return her investment
19	money. King refused to do either. Investor C continued to request that King either give her the
20	coins or return her investment money.
21	24. In 2001, King finally agreed to refund investor C her investment money.
22	However, King gave Investor C only \$7,000 back from her original \$15,000 investment. King
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1	told Investor C that he kept the rest of the money to cover his fee for the investment. Up until
2	that point, King had not told Investor C that he would charge her a fee for the investment.
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4	Description of the Conduct relating to the Securities Act
5	Investors D & E
6	25. In October 2000, King approached a married couple residing in Whitman County
7	who attended the New Gnostic Church ("Investors D & E") about investing in Health
8	Maintenance Centers, Inc., also known as Znetix, ("HMC"). King said that HMC was going
9	public soon and when the company did the investment in the company would increase
10	significantly.
11	26. King told Investors D & E that for a small administrative fee he could make an
12	investment in HMC for them. On October 28, 2000, Investors D & E gave King a check for
13	\$75,000 to invest in HMC for them. On the same day King submitted a check for \$75,000 to
14	HMC for an investment in the name of Prosper International Trust #9206/ James King.
15	27. King did not give Investors D & E any documents evidencing their investment,
16	any disclosure documents, or financial statements and did not discuss the risks of investing in
17	HMC.
18	28. HMC never went public. On April 9, 2001, the Department of Financial
19	Institutions entered a Summary Order to Cease and Desist against HMC alleging that the offer
20	and sale of the HMC securities violated the registration and anti-fraud provisions of the
21	Securities Act of Washington. In January 2003, the Securities and Exchange Commission filed
22	an action against HMC and appointed a receiver.
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STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF

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INTENT TO ENTER ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

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29. When Investors D & E received documents relating to the appointment of a receiver and that requested information from Investors D & E about their investment, King told them that since he was the broker of the investment he would respond for them. As a result, in 2005 the \$75,000 investment was returned to King by HMC, however, Investors D & E never received their investment money back from King. King has not returned the investment to Investors D & E despite having told Investors D & E at the time of the investment that he was investing the money in HMC on their behalf.

30. In 2002, King advised church members to purchase stock in Breakpoint Holdings Corporation ("Breakpoint"). King represented that he was the attorney in fact for Breakpoint. King told church members that Breakpoint manufactured Fuel Burner Enhancer ("FBE") units. King told church members FBE units attach to a boiler and reduce the amount of fuel the boiler uses and the emissions produced. King told church members that the FBE units were "very hot" and sales were "skyrocketing". King said that there would be an initial public offering of Breakpoint and its shares would split several times before the initial public offering. King told church members that they had to invest quickly or they would lose the opportunity to invest. King told church members that he would receive a portion of the purchase price of the Breakpoint stock as compensation for selling the stock.

31. King told Investors D & E that to invest in Breakpoint they would need to wire the investment money to a bank account located in Latvia. On March 1, 2002, Investors D & E wired \$7,500 as King had instructed for an investment in Breakpoint. King failed to give Investors D & E a share certificate or other evidence of the investment, any disclosure

documents, or financial statements and did not discuss the risks of investing in Breakpoint 1 2 Holdings with Investors D & E. 3 32. Investors D & E have not received any money back from King. 4 5 Investor F 6 33. In 2002, King advised church members to purchase stock in Advanced Products, 7 Inc. ("Advanced Products"). King told church members that Advanced Products was raising 8 funds to manufacture a product that reduced vehicle emissions and increased gas mileage. King 9 told church members that the company was going public in a month or two and when the company went public the value of the investment would increase drastically. King told church 10 11 members that he would receive a portion of the purchase price of the Advanced Products stock as 12 compensation for selling the stock. 13 34. On March 13, 2002, a King County resident who attended the New Gnostic 14 Church ("Investor F") gave King \$3,000 to purchase 1,000 shares of Advanced Products. King 15 gave Investor F a share certificate naming Investor F's Pill Trust as the owner of the stock. King did not give Investor F any disclosure documents or financial statements and did not discuss the 16 17 risks of investing in Advanced Products with Investor F. 35. Also in early 2002, Investor F gave King \$4,500 to invest in Breakpoint. King 18 19 failed to give Investor D a share certificate or other evidence of his investment, any disclosure 20 documents, or financial statements and did not discuss the risks of investing in Breakpoint with 21 Investor F. 22 23 8 STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF

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INTENT TO ENTER ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

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1	36. Investor F has requested his money back from King, however, Investor F has not
2	received any of his money back.
3	Investor G
4	37. In March 2002, a King County resident who attended New Gnostic Church
5	("Investor G") gave King \$1,500 to purchase 700 shares of Advanced Products. Investor G was
6	given a share certificate evidencing his investment but King failed to give Investor G any
7	disclosure documents or financial statements and did not discuss the risks of investing in
8	Advanced Products, Inc. with Investor G. The share certificate named Investor G's Pill Trust as
9	the owner of the stock.
10	38. Investor G requested his money back from King, however, Investor G has not
11	received any money back.
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13	MISREPRESENTATIONS AND OMISSIONS
14	39. James W. King failed to provide material information to investors regarding their
15	investments including, but not limited to, the general and specific risks involved in each
16	investment, the fee for the investment, and the form of the investment.
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18	REGISTRATION STATUS
19	40. James W. King is not currently registered with the Commodity Futures Trading
20	Commission as a futures commission merchant or as a leverage transaction merchant, is not
21	currently registered under the Commodity Transactions Act as a commodities broker-dealer or
22	commodities sales representative, and has not previously been so registered.
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1	41. James W. King is not currently registered as a securities salesperson or broker-	
2	dealer in the state of Washington and has not previously been so registered.	
3	42. Advanced Products, Inc., Breakpoint Holdings Corporation, and Health	
4	Maintenance Centers are not currently registered to sell securities, have not previously been	
5	registered, and have not filed claims of exemption.	
6		
7	Based upon the Tentative Findings of Fact, the following Conclusions of Law are made:	
8	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW	
9	Commodity Transaction Act Violations	
10	1. Precious metals, such as gold, gold coins, and silver, are commodities as defined	
11	in RCW 21.30.010(9) and (17).	
12	2. The offer or sale of gold, gold coins, and silver described above constitutes the	
13	offer or sale of a commodity, commodity contract, or commodity option as defined in RCW	
14	21.30.010 (10), (11), (14) and (15).	
15	3. The offer or sale of said commodities is in violation of RCW 21.30.020 because	
16	the offer or sale was made by a person not exempt under RCW 21.30.030 and the transaction or	
17	contract was not exempt under RCW 21.30.040.	
18	4. Respondent, James W. King, has violated RCW 21.30.050 by offering or selling	
19	said commodities, commodities contract, or commodity option while not registered under the	
20	commodity futures trading commission as a futures commission merchant or as a leverage	
21	transaction merchant and while not registered as a commodities broker-dealer or commodities	
22	sales representative under the commodity transactions act.	
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	STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	

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- 5. The offer or sale of said commodities was made in violation of RCW 21.30.060 because Respondent, James W. King, in connection with the offer and sale of a commodity, made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- 6. The offer or sale of said commodities was made in violation of RCW 21.30.060 because Respondent, James W. King, in connection with the offer and sale of a commodity, cheated, defrauded, attempted to cheat or defraud, or employed a scheme to defraud.

Securities Act Violations

- 7. The offer or sale of shares of Advanced Products, Inc., Breakpoint Holdings Corporation, and Health Maintenance Centers described above constitutes the offer or sale of a security as defined in RCW 21.20.005(10) and (12).
- 8. The offer or sale of said securities was made in violation of RCW 21.20.010 because Respondent, James W. King, in connection with the offer and sale of a security, made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- The offer or sale of said securities is in violation of RCW 21.20.140 because no registration for such offer or sale is on file with the Securities Administrator.
- 10. Respondent, James W. King, has violated RCW 21.20.040 by engaging in the business of offering or selling securities while not registered as a broker-dealer or securities salesperson.

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NOTICE OF INTENT TO ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO CEASE AND DESIST

Based on the above Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Securities Administrator intends to order that Respondent, James W. King, and his agents and employees, each cease and desist from violations of RCW 21.30.020, the section of the Commodity Transactions Act prohibiting sales of commodities, commodity contracts, and commodity options; RCW 21.30.050, the section of the Commodity Transactions Act requiring registration; RCW 21.30.060, the anti-fraud section of the Commodity Transactions Act; RCW 21.20.010, the anti-fraud section of the Securities Act; RCW 21.20.040, the section of the Securities Act requiring registration of broker-dealers and securities salespersons; and RCW 21.20.140, the section of the Securities Act requiring registration of the offer and sale of securities.

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NOTICE OF INTENT TO IMPOSE FINES AND COSTS

Pursuant to RCW 21.20.390, RCW 21.20.395, and RCW 21.30.120 and based upon the Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Securities Administrator intends to order that Respondent, James W. King, shall be liable for and pay the Securities Division (1) a fine of \$30,000 for violating the Commodity Transaction Act, (2) a fine of \$30,000 for violating the Securities Act, and (3) the costs, fees, and other expenses incurred in the conduct of investigating this matter in an amount not less than \$4,500.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS **Securities Division** PO Box 9033 Olympia, WA 98507-9033 360-902-8760

AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE

2	This Statement of Charges and Notice of Intent to Enter Order to Cease and Desist and to	
3	Impose Fines and Costs is entered pursuant to the provisions of RCW 21.20.390, RCW	
4	21.20.395, RCW 21.30.120, and RCW 21.30.200 and is subject to the provisions of RCW 34.05	
5	The Respondent, James W. King, may make a written request for a hearing as set forth in the	
6	NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO DEFEND AND OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING	
7	accompanying this Statement of Charges.	
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9	If Respondent does not request a hearing, the Securities Administrator intends to adop	
10	the above Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law as final and enter a permanen	
11	order to cease and desist and impose fines and costs as to the Respondent.	
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13	Dated and Entered this 7th day of July, 2006.	
14	Gridel Z, Stevenson	
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16	MICHAEL STEVENSON Securities Administrator	
17	Approved by: Presented by:	
18	an Edm K. Culbert	
19	Suzanne Sarason Kristen Culbert	
20	Chief of Compliance Financial Legal Examiner	
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